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## **CLAIMS**

- 1. An oxygen stable composition comprising inert core particles partially or completely coated with at least one active compound encapsulated in a carbohydrate matrix, which matrix is characterised by
  - 5 to 95 wt.% high molecular weight film forming carbohydrate;
- 5 to 30 wt.% mono, di and trisaccharides; and
- 0 to 30 wt.% maltodextrin

based on the total weight of the carbohydrate matrix;

- the coated particles being further coated with a modified cellulose having reversible gel formation properties upon temperature increase.
  - 2. The composition according to claim 1, characterised in that the film forming carbohydrate is present in an amount of 45 to 70 wt.%, preferably 50-60 wt.% based on the total weight of the carbohydrate matrix.
  - 3. The composition according to claim 1 or 2, characterised in that the film forming carbohydrate is selected from the group consisting of gum arabic, gum acacia, lipophilically modified starches and mixtures thereof.

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4. The composition according to any of claims 1-3, characterised in that the matrix contains 1-30 wt.%, preferably 5-30 wt.% of a sweetener selected from the group consisting of sorbitol, mannitol, xylitol, hydrogenated starch hydrolysates, lactitol, maltitol, erythritol, hydrogenated isomaltulose, and combinations thereof.

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5. The composition according to claim 4, characterised in that 100 wt.% of the mono, di and trisaccharide material is a sweetener selected from the group consisting of sorbitol, mannitol, xylitol, hydrogenated starch hydrolysates, lactitol, maltitol, erythritol, hydrogenated isomaltulose, and combinations thereof.

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₹. • 6. The composition according to any of claims 1-5, characterised in that the active compound encapsulated in the carbohydrate matrix is selected from the group consisting of flavourants, fragrances, pharmaceuticals and wash-active components.

- 7. The composition according to claim 6, characterised in that the active compound is selected from limonene, citral, linalool and combinations thereof.
- 5 8. The composition according to any of claims 1-7, characterised in that the encapsulated active compound is present in an amount of 1-40 wt.%, preferably 10-20 wt.%, based on the total weight of the active compound containing carbohydrate matrix.
- 9. The composition according to any of claims 1-8, characterised in that the core particles are selected from the group consisting of tea fannings, tea dust, tobacco particles, acids, crystals of mono-, di- or trisaccharides, salt crystals, plant seeds, fibres, spray-dried particles and cellulose cells.
- 15 10. The composition according to any one of claims 1-9, characterised in that the core particles coated with the carbohydrate matrix and modified cellulose additionally comprise an external coating comprising at least 50 wt.% lipids with a melting point of at least 30°C.
- 11. The composition according to any of claims 1-10, characterised in that the core particles coated with the carbohydrate matrix, the modified cellulose and optionally a fat layer have a size in the range of 0.1 3 mm, preferably 0.2 1.5 mm.
- 12. The composition according to any of claims 1-11, characterised in that the weight ratio between the core particles and the carbohydrate matrix coating is from 5:1 to 1:5, preferably about 1:1.
- 13. The composition according to any of claims 1-12, characterised in that the weight ratio between the carbohydrate matrix coating and the cellulose coating is from
  5:1 to 1:5, preferably about 1:1.

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- 14. The composition according to any of Claim 1-13, wherein the modified cellulose is selected from methyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose, ethyl cellulose, ethyl cellulose and mixture thereof.
- 5 15. A process for producing an oxygen stable composition comprising the steps of
  - (a) forming an aqueous carbohydrate solution containing a carbohydrate mixture comprising 5 to 95 wt.% high molecular weight film forming carbohydrate(s), 5 to 30 wt.% mono, di and trisaccharide(s), and 0 to 30 wt.% maltodextrin(s);
- 10 (b) incorporating at least one active compound into the solution of step (a);
  - (c) introducing the aqueous solution of step (b) into a fluid bed comprising inert core particles and using an inlet air temperature of 40 120°C, preferably 60 100°C, to obtain a core particle coated with the active compound encapsulated in a carbohydrate matrix; and
- 15 (d) introducing after step (c) modified cellulose as an aqueous solution with a concentration of 0.1 30 wt.% and preferably 2 10 wt.% into the fluid bed comprising the encapsulated active coated core particles and using an inlet air temperature of 40 120°C, preferably 60 100°C, to deposit a stable film onto the particles.

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- 16. Products comprising the oxygen stable composition according to any of claims 1-14 or the oxygen stable composition prepared by the process according to claim 15.
- 25 17. Products according to claim 16, wherein said products are sugar confectionery articles, preferably selected from chewing gum, hard boiled sweets, marshmallows, chewing sweets, and mixtures thereof.
  - 18. Product according to claim 17, wherein the product is chewing gum.

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19. Products according to claim 16, wherein said products are selected from the group consisting of dry soups, dry sauces, sausages, snacks and noodles.

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- 20. Products according to any one of claims 16-19, comprising between 0.1 and 5.0 wt.% of the oxygen stable composition.
- 21. Products according to any one of claims 16-20, wherein the products are essentially sugar-free.
  - 22. Use of a modified cellulose to improve the oxygen stability of one or more active compounds encapsulated in a matrix containing:
  - 5 to 95 wt.% high molecular weight film forming carbohydrate;
- 10 5 to 30 wt.% mono, di and trisaccharides; and
  - 0 to 30 wt.% maltodextrin

based on the total weight of the carbohydrate matrix; said use comprising coating the encapsulate with said modified cellulose.